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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/604,253	07/07/2003	Cheng-Lung Lee	ACMP0087USA	1252
27765	7590 01/11	2005	EXAMINER	
(NAIPC) NORTH AMERICA INTERNATIONAL PATENT OFFICE P.O. BOX 506			DUDDING, ALFRED E	
<del>-</del>	D, VA 22116		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,	•	2853	

DATE MAILED: 01/11/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

HIA

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/604,253	LEE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary `	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alfred E. Dudding	2853				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 Ju	<u>ıly 2003</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
,	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		•				
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 and 16-20 is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) 11-15 and 21-25 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li> </ul>	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 07 July 2003 is/are: a) ☐ Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/7/03.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

- 1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
  - a. Abstract, line 10, change "anda" to -- and a--.

Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Objections

- 2. a. Claim 12 is objected to because of the following informalities: line 3, change "avoltage" to --a voltage--.
- b. Claim 23 is objected to because of the following informalities: line 4, change "pulsesif" to -pulses if- -.
- c. Claim 24 is objected to because of the following informalities: line 2, change "pulsesif" to -pulses if- -.
- d. Claim 25 is objected to because of the following informalities: lines 2 and 4, change "pulsesif" to --pulses if--.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 11 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Widder et al. (U.S. 5,475,405 A).

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Widder et al. disclose a printing apparatus, and a method of warming a printhead, Column 3, lines 30 – 32, comprising a printhead for ejecting ink from a plurality of nozzles, Figure 1, element 10 (printhead), element 11 (nozzles), the printhead comprising a substrate; and a plurality of heaters arranged on the substrate for heating ink in the printhead to generate bubbles in the ink and eject the ink through the corresponding nozzles, Column 3, lines 44 - 47; a signal generator for generating printing pulses, Figure 2, element 54, and non-printing pulses used to control the heaters, Figure 2, element 44, the printing pulses controlling the heaters to generate sufficient heat energy to eject ink from the nozzles for printing data, and the non-printing pulses controlling the heaters to generate heat energy that is not sufficient to eject ink from the nozzles for raising a temperature of the ink, Column 2, lines 44 - 53; a temperature sensor for measuring a temperature of the substrate; a temperature comparator for comparing the temperature of the substrate with a reference temperature; and a control circuit for varying the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator according to a temperature difference of the substrate and the reference temperature, Column 6 (claim 1).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and

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invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 12 – 15 and 22 – 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Widder et al. in view of Dunn (U.S. 4,982,199 A).

Widder et al fail to teach the claimed inventions of increasing/decreasing pulse width, amplitude, number of pulses, or frequency of the non-printing pulses in order to vary the temperature of the printhead.

Dunn teaches that if the temperature of the substrate is above the reference temperature, a voltage of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is lowered, and if the temperature of the substrate is below the reference temperature, the voltage of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is raised, Figure 3A; that the control circuit varies a width of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator according to a temperature difference between the temperature of the substrate and the reference temperature, wherein if the temperature of the substrate is above the reference temperature, the width of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is lowered, and if the temperature of the substrate is below the reference temperature, the width of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is raised, Figure 3B; that the control circuit varies a number of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator according to a temperature difference between the temperature of the substrate and the reference temperature, wherein if the temperature of the substrate is above the reference temperature, the number of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is lowered, and if the temperature of the substrate is below the reference temperature, the number of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is raised; Figure 3C; and that the control circuit varies a frequency of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator according to a temperature difference between

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the temperature of the substrate and the reference temperature, wherein if the temperature of the substrate is above the reference temperature, the frequency of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is lowered, and if the temperature of the substrate is below the reference temperature, the frequency of the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator is raised, Figure 3D.

It is well known that the area of a rectangular voltage or current pulse is indicative of the energy delivered to a load: increasing pulse width, amplitude, amount of pulses, and frequency of pulses increases the total area of the non-printing pulses and thereby would increase the temperature of the printhead. Decreasing the width, amplitude, number, or the frequency of the non-printing pulses would delay of lower the heating of the printhead.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the waveforms of Dunn in the printer of Widder et al. in order to control printhead temperature.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

- 8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:
- a. The primary reason for the allowance of claims 1 10 is the inclusion of the limitations of a printing apparatus comprising a printhead for ejecting ink from a plurality of nozzles; a print data comparator for comparing a percentage of data printed during a predetermined period of time with a threshold value; and a control circuit for varying the non-printing pulses generated by the signal generator according to the percentage of data printed during the predetermined period of time and the threshold value. It is this limitation found in each of the claims, as it is claimed in the combination, that has not been found, taught, or suggested by the prior art of record which makes these claims allowable over the prior art.

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b. The primary reason for the allowance of claims 16 - 20 is the inclusion of the method step for heating a printhead in a printing apparatus, by comparing a percentage of data printed during a predetermined period of time with a threshold value; and varying the non-printing pulses according to the percentage of data printed during the predetermined period of time and the threshold value. It is this step found in each of the claims, as it is claimed in the combination, that has not been found, taught, or suggested by the prior art of record which makes these claims allowable over the prior art.

#### Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alfred Dudding whose telephone number is (571) 272-2144. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00 AM to 3:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier, AU 2853, can be reached at (571) 272 - 2149. The fax phone number for this Group is are (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308 - 0956.

Alfred Dudding

4 January 2005

MANISH SHAH Primerry Examiner